# SUBJECT: Corporate Risk Control Arrangements

MEETING: Governance and Audit Committee

DATE: 5<sup>th</sup> September 2024

DIVISIONS/WARDS AFFECTED: All

#### 1. PURPOSE:

1.1 To provide members with an overview of the arrangements and the effectiveness of these for the corporate risk control policies aligned with the strategic risk management policy.

## 2. **RECOMMENDATIONS**:

- 2.1 That the committee use the assessment to seek assurance about the effectiveness of the corporate risk control policies.
- 2.2 That the committee identifies and agrees if it requires further assurance or follow-up of progress on any of the arrangements, in consideration of the suggested options in point 3.5.

#### 3. KEY ISSUES:

- 3.1 Governance & Audit Committee requested consideration be given to which corporate risk control policies (extending beyond IT and data protection) that the Committee should periodically review. These were identified as part of the development of the revised strategic risk management policy as, Health and Safety, Emergency Planning, Insurance, Finance, Internal Audit, Information Governance & Cyber Security. It was subsequently agreed that an overview of the arrangements and assessment of their effectiveness be provided to Governance & Audit Committee
- 3.2 The lead officer(s) have completed an assessment of the effectiveness for each risk control arrangements as detailed in appendix 1. This follows the same process that is used to evaluate the effectiveness of the council's strategic risk management arrangements, which is regularly reported to the committee.
- 3.3 The assessment has been structured under the three elements of the councils 'risk management approach' as set out in the strategic risk management policy. These are arrangements in place to identify risks, arrangements in place to respond (treatment) to risk and arrangements in place to monitor and report risk. The assessment has also identified actions to develop or strengthen the arrangements.
- 3.4 The assessment of these arrangements is provided to facilitate the committee to seek assurance on their effectiveness. These risk processes have a variety of existing governance arrangements in place, some of which (Finance, Internal Audit and information governance and cyber security) report to the committee in line with its Terms of Reference.
- 3.5 If the committee determines it requires further assurance or follow-up of progress with developing or strengthening any of the arrangements it has the following broad options. In determining the approach to take consideration will need to be given to optimum use of the committees forward work programme and existing arrangements in place for the respective risk process, in agreement with the lead officer. The broad options are:
  - That the committee adds to its forward work programme a report on a specific arrangement if it requires further specific assurance, noting the arrangement already in place as set out in Appendix 1.
  - That the committee receives a further update on any arrangement(s) as an additional part of the regular reporting to the committee on the effectiveness of the Council's strategic risk management

arrangements and/or as part of existing reporting arrangement to the committee where this is already in place.

### 4. REASONS:

4.1 To provide an assessment of corporate risk control policies as integrated arrangements in ensuring the effectiveness of the council's risk strategic risk management arrangements.

#### 5. AUTHORS:

Peter Davies, Deputy Chief Executive and Chief Officer Resources

Richard Jones, Performance & Data Insight Manager

## Overview of the arrangements and the effectiveness of these for the corporate risk control policies aligned with the Monmouthshire County Council strategic risk management policy

Risk process: Internal Audit		Responsibility: Chief Internal Auditor	
arrangements in place are robust identifying possible weaknesses,	. There is an internal audit plan in place or risks, within the organisation and revi	ess, and may conduct an audit into the effectivenes which is driven by risk identification, and by nature ewing these. These risks, along with possible ways the anti fraud, corruption and bribery policy.	, is a risk based approach,
Risk arrangement	How effective is the arrangement?		How do we know? (evidence)
<u>Arrangements in place to</u> <u>identify risks</u> Across the council a model of Enterprise-wide risk management (ERM) is used	organisation for identifying, assessing, opportunities and threats that affect the many benefits as a result of its structure Internal Audits core role in relation to to the Governance & Audit Committee Internal Audit extends its activities bey including treating the engagements as relevant standards. In this way, Internat objectivity of its assurance services. Activities of the Internal Audit team ar Some activities of the team are comple Exemption process). Internal Audit doe	and continuous process across the whole deciding on responses to and reporting on ne achievement of its objectives. ERM brings red, consistent and coordinated approach. ERM is to provide assurance to management and on the effectiveness of risk management. When rond their core role, safeguards are applied, consulting services and, therefore, applying all al Audit will protect its independence and the e determined by the Internal Audit Charter. eted with safeguards put in place (example - CPR es not set the risk appetite for the organisation,	Internal Audit Review of Risk Management Arrangements (2023/24). Planned Internal Audit Review of Service Business Planning (2024/25).
Arrangements in place to respond (treatment) to risk A strategic Internal Audit Plan is in place which covers a 5 year period. An Annual Internal Audit Plan is developed from the basis of the	attempting to cover all areas of the org different operations of the council, lim emerging priorities and emerging risks year period. Hence the need for a risk The internal audit plan is a process to i	sulates the 'Audit Universe' for the Council ganisation over the period. Due to the number of ited resources within the Internal Audit team, it is not possible to review each area over a 5	Strategic Audit Plan held on Audit Planning files for each year, reviewing the entire audit universe. Updated on an annual basis. External Quality Assessment Completed for the Internal Audit Team (March 2024) – outcome

Practices Framework and the	In developing the Internal Audit plan cumulative knowledge of the organisation is used	'Generally Conforms' (highest
'Developing a Risk-based	by the Chief Internal Auditor and discussions held with the wider Internal Audit team to	grading).
Internal Audit Plan' Practice	identify any priorities or concerns which may be evident from existing audit work or	
Guidance from the Institute of	advice given. The Audit Plan is discussed and presented to each service area's	Approved 2024/25 Audit Plan.
Internal Auditors.	Directorate Management Team (DMT) before being discussed at a meeting of the	The audit plan is under continual
	Strategic Leadership Team (SLT). The Audit plan is then presented to the Governance &	review by the Chief Internal
A recently agreed Anti-Fraud,	Audit Committee for approval.	Auditor to adjust for any
Corruption and Bribery Policy		emerging priorities. Reactive
informs fraud Identification and	The Audit Plan is continually under review. In the planning stage time is allocated for	(unplanned) work conducted
response arrangements.	Reactive work. This could come in the form of Special Investigations (following	through the year.
	allegations of theft, fraud etc.) or unplanned audit jobs (following concerns raised by	
	management / audit team members). All adjustments to the audit plan are agreed by	Anti-Fraud, Corruption and
	the Chief Internal Auditor following discussion with the Deputy Chief Executive / Chief	Bribery Policy approved by
	Officer (Resources) and the Chair of the Governance & Audit Committee.	Cabinet in January 2024.
	Although Fraud identification, response and risk is monitored by the Internal Audit	Completion of National Fraud
	team it is acknowledged that there is room for improvement. As part of a new structure	Initiative reporting.
	model for Internal Audit endorsed by the Governance & Audit Committee in April 2024,	
	a dedicated Fraud Officer was added to the structure and recruitment for this role will	April 2024 Governance & Audit
	take place in September 2024.	Committee report for new
		Internal Audit structure reviewing
	Currently the Internal Audit team co-ordinate the response to the National Fraud	fraud response.
	Initiative, a statutory exercise completed on behalf of the Cabinet Office. The Internal	
	Audit team also respond to allegations of theft, loss, fraud and bribery across the	
	organisation and investigate where necessary.	
Arrangements in place to	The Chief Internal Auditor has a responsibility to report when the organisation is not	Internal Audit reporting template
monitor and report risk.	managing risks properly to those people who can take action. In accordance with the	and opinions
	Public Sector Internal Audit Standards and the Monmouthshire County Council Internal	
Internal Audit Reporting	Audit Charter, the Chief Internal Auditor has a direct reporting link to the Chair of the	Regular (quarterly) reporting into
standards, arrangements and	Governance and Audit Committee to discuss any areas of risk which in their opinion is	Governance & Audit Committee
follow up process.	not being addressed by management.	of reports issued along with opinions and key findings for
	Relevant risk information is captured and communicated in a timely manner across	unfavourable reviews.
	the organisation, enabling staff, management and the Governance & Audit Committee	
	to carry out their responsibilities. Although internal audit has a clear role in providing	
	assurance on risks, it is managers who are responsible for managing risks. Where a	

	report has been issued, management are responsible for providing a management action, implementation date and responsible officer to address any critical or significant weaknesses raised within the report.	The status of the follow-up reviews and outcomes reports to Governance & Audit Committee.
	All audit reports and opinions issued are reported to the Governance & Audit Committee. The Chief Internal Auditor reports in his own name and has the ability to recommend to Committee to 'Call In' members of the Councils management team if report findings are not accepted which present in their opinion undue risk to the Council. This process has not needed to be enacted during the previous 12 months (and longer).	
	All audit reports are followed-up. The process differs depending on the overall report opinion. Where a positive opinion (Substantial / Reasonable Assurance) has been issued, all follow-ups are conducted on an annual basis via a management self- assessment which is reviewed by the Internal Audit team. For unfavourable opinions (Limited / No Assurance) a formal follow-up audit review is completed where a full review will be completed of the area in question and a new opinion issued.	
	An annual report is presented to the Governance & Audit Committee regarding the follow-up process and the actions which management have taken to address the recommendations raised within Internal Audit Reports. At the last report, April 2024, 84% of recommendations issued had been fully or partially implemented by management.	
	A process also exists where if repeated unfavourable opinions are issued for the same area, that this is reported to the Governance & Audit Committee along with a recommendation from the Chief Internal Auditor to 'Call In' the operational manager, Head of Service and Chief Officer to a meeting to discuss the reasons why this has been the case and to gain assurance that the risk management deficiencies will be addressed.	
	Work is on-going with the council's Digital Team and now SRS to develop an App for real time management monitoring of the implementation of recommendations / management actions. The development of the new follow-up app has been delayed.	
Actions planned Implementation of Follow-up of F Recruitment to Fraud Officer role	Recommendations / Agreed Management Actions App. 2.	

Increased Anti-Fraud, Corruption and Bribery training across the organisation covering all employees and members. Continue to refine audit planning processes and review of the 'Audit Universe' to ensure that all areas of the Council are covered as part of the strategic plan.

Risk process: Emergency Planning		Responsibility: Emergency Planning Manager	
<b>Purpose of the arrangement</b>	n anticinate and manage ricks proactive	ly rather than deal with the consequences of actu	ial occurrences. Some risks
		ity Council Emergency Management Plan; there is	
		rgency planning manager is also responsible for e	-
		the impact and consequences of any risks likely t	-
on service delivery or on communit	ies in general.		
Risk arrangement	How effective is the arrangement?		How do we know? (evidence)
Arrangements in place to identify	The process adopted is an on-going ite	rative approach which identifies and responds	UK National Risk Register
<u>risks</u>	to risks. The arrangements consider an	nd approach risks/threats from both a UK level	
	down dissemination and local escalation	on back up process. This facilitates all partners	Gwent Community Risk Register
The arrangements for external	to consider the risk/threat and ensure	collaboratively there is an agreed and	
risks in relation to emergency	proportional measure of control in place	ce.	Welsh Government risk register
planning / civil contingencies are			
monitored and addressed		the establishment of formal multi-agency	Monmouthshire County Council
through tiered risk arrangements.		Officers attending and representing their	Emergency planning service
	organisation within these structures ne	eed to be aware of their role and be given	business plan
These tiered arrangements are in	experience in managing such incidents	For the Council Chief Officers have an	
alass at a LIK layed. Day Malas	an automity to attand an attaining		

The arrangements for external	to consider the risk/threat and ensure collaboratively there is an agreed and	
risks in relation to emergency	proportional measure of control in place.	Welsh Government risk register
planning / civil contingencies are		
monitored and addressed	The majority of risks identified require the establishment of formal multi-agency	Monmouthshire County Council
through tiered risk arrangements.	response structures being established. Officers attending and representing their	Emergency planning service
	organisation within these structures need to be aware of their role and be given	business plan
These tiered arrangements are in	experience in managing such incidents. For the Council Chief Officers have an	
place at a UK level, Pan Wales	opportunity to attend specific training annually and currently the majority of the	
level, Local footprint covered by	council's senior leadership team are appropriately trained at a strategic response	
the Gwent Local Resilience Forum	level.	
(The council is a partner in the		
forum), then considered from a	The risk process has identified at a tactical level there is shortage of trained staff, due	
Monmouthshire County Council	to staff turnover and changes of role, to represent the council at the joint agency	
perspective.	tactical response level. To address this service area nominations have been sought for	
	tactical response officers. The nominated officers will be provided training in the role,	
	supported further by a specific joint agency training/exercise opportunity to put into	
	practise the skills required.	
Arrangements in place to respond	This 'Risk Process' applied follows and aligns to the UK and Pan Wales arrangements.	UK National Risk Register
(treatment) to risk.	Risk is considered and weighted by the Gwent Local Resilience Forum (LRF) Risk Group	
	and forms the basis of both an LRF work programme and specific Monmouthshire	Gwent Community Risk Register

Risk registers are in place at each of the tiered arrangements, at a UK level, Pan Wales level and Local footprint covered by the Gwent Local Resilience Forum. These are also considered from a Monmouthshire County Council perspective. Service areas in the Council have Business Continuity Plans or procedures in place. MCC Emergency Management Plan – detailing MCC emergency response arrangements.	<ul> <li>County Council work programme for the treatment and mitigation of the risks identified.</li> <li>The approach uses the expertise and data of subject matter experts from a UK perspective with a robust and thorough methodology in place. The arrangements in place include:</li> <li>At a UK level, there is a UK National Risk Register in place, the current version can be found here.</li> <li>Following work carried out at the Pan Wales level and subsequent Gwent LRF level, a Gwent Community risk register is in place. This over-arching risk review produces a public facing Gwent Community Risk Register – which can be found here. The community risk register outlines how each of the risk categories are being mitigated locally – together with how the community can also take appropriate action.</li> <li>The first public version of a Welsh Government public facing Risk Register is anticipated being published later this year.</li> <li>Service areas in the Council have Business Continuity Plans or procedures in place outlining arrangements to mitigate the impact and consequences of any risks likely to have a serious or major impact on service delivery or on communities in general.</li> <li>The council also has Emergency Management Response arrangements in place and hazard specific response arrangements to respond to major incidents and their consequences – which are aligned directly to the risk identified. There is a continued need to ensure plans are up to date with a process in place facilitated by the Council's emergency planning team to ensure these are reviewed, awareness of arrangements shared with appropriate staff and training and exercise cycle is a requirement of the Civil Contingencies Act and based</li> </ul>	Welsh Government risk register Monmouthshire County Council Emergency planning service business plan Service Business Continuity Plans Emergency Management Plan
Arrangements in place to monitor	on the outcomes of the risk management process. The UK government formally review the risk register every 3 years. This is mirrored by	UK National Risk Register
and report risk.	Welsh Government who undertake in depth assessments. Any significant changes can and are dynamically assessed.	Gwent Community Risk Register
The risk registers in place at each of the tiered arrangements, at a UK level, Pan Wales level and Local footprint covered by the	The Gwent LRF will review the risk register annually based on outputs and progress from the agreed work programmes which contribute to risk treatment. The risks will change based on the local mitigations that have been put in place through the work	Welsh Government risk register

Gwent Local Resilience have	programme. For example, mitigations will include what responses have been	Monmouthshire County Council
monitoring and reporting	exercised, what training has been delivered, what plans have been reviewed or what	Emergency planning service
arrangements in place.	new plans have been identified that need to be introduced. This provides a diligent and focused approach to managing the risks.	business plan
	There is ongoing assessment and delivery of the Councils Emergency Planning	
	Business Plan / Work Programme to ensure alignment and organisational risks in	
	relation to civil contingency risks/threats are being managed in Monmouthshire.	
Actions planned		
To identify and train further tact	ical responses officers in the Council.	
To ensure services business cont	tinuity plans are up to date, particularly service areas assessed as more critical for business	continuity, together with the

council's Emergency Management Plan and related specific response plans.

There is continued ongoing assessments of risk through these arrangements, locally this is led via the Gwent Local Resilience Forum Risk Group, which the council is a partner in.

Risk process: Finance	Respo	onsibility: Head of Finance	
Purpose of the arrangement			
	cedure Rules which must be adhered to within Head of Finance in relation to risk management		
-	Finance is responsible for ensuring that any fin	-	-
Risk arrangement	How effective is the arrangement?		How do we know? (evidence)
Arrangements in place to identify	The Financial Procedure Rules govern the day to day operation of the Authority's		Financial Procedure Rules
<u>risks</u>	financial administration. They are introduced	both to protect the interests of the	
	Authority, and all those who are involved with	n financial administration. Risk	The Medium-Term Financial Plan
Financial Procedure Rules	management is an integral part of the financia	al procedure rules and are embedded	and Medium Term-Financial
	into the wide ranging arrangements in place t	o identify, manage and mitigate	Strategy.
The Medium-Term Financial Plan	financial risk. These extend to arrangements	that include internal control, internal	
(MTFP) and Medium Term-	and external audit, preventing fraud and corre	uption, security of assets and treasury	Internal audit reviews, system
Financial Strategy (MTFS)	management. Security of assets specifically e	xtends to arrangements around land	access controls and workflows,
	and buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipme	ent, ICT, stocks and stores, cash, income	bank reconciliations, financial
Procedures to identify fraudulent			procedures rules
activity	arrangements in place.		
			Capital Strategy
Capital Strategy			

	The recently agreed Medium Term-Financial Strategy includes an assessment of key financial risks and aligns with the council's strategic risk management policy and guidance.	
	There will be occasions in delivering the financial strategy that Council may be willing to accept a degree of risk in order for a benefit to be gained, for example when introducing new opportunities or adopting innovative approaches. Where circumstances involve exposure to risks, they will be assessed in line with the Council's risk appetite statement.	
	The Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) is updated and formally reported every 6 months. This ensures key financial risks are modelled and that the link is maintained to meeting the well-being objectives and wider ambition of the Council set out in the Community and Corporate Plan.	
	The Capital strategy provides a high-level overview of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury management activity contribute to service provision along with an overview of how associated risk is managed and the implications for future financial sustainability. Arrangements are embedded within the Council's arrangements for financial management and budgetary control	
	Finance teams work with Internal Audit, Digital and our bank provider to ensure our systems are up to date, awareness is high across the council and early reporting mechanisms are in place.	
Arrangements in place to respond	The Council maintains a register of all significant risks that bear down on the Council's	Statement of accounts, internal
(treatment) to risk.	finances. The register is maintained as part of updates to the medium-term financial plan. Mitigating action is factored into budgetary planning and where possible. High	audit, external audit, reconciliation documents.
Medium Term-Financial Plan risk	and medium level strategic financial risks are also escalated to the strategic risk	
register	register.	Central records of reserve usage held
Accounting records are	Finance staff and budget holders operate within the required accounting standards	
maintained	and timetables. All the Authority's transactions, material commitments and contracts	Sundry Debtors Policy and the
	and other essential accounting information are recorded completely, accurately and	Debtors Policy for Social Care &
Budget monitoring controls	on a timely basis. Procedures are in place to enable accounting records to be	Health
	reconstituted in the event of systems failure. Reconciliation procedures are carried	
Use of reserves controls	out to ensure transactions are correctly recorded. Prime documents are retained in	
	accordance with legislative and other requirements.	

Income and debt management		Maintenance of a register of all
arrangements	Budget monitoring control arrangements are in place with specific responsibilities and	properties owned by the
	approval processes in place. A monitoring process is in place to review the	Authority
Security of assets	effectiveness and operation of budget preparation, performance against budget, and	
	to ensure that any corrective action is taken to respond to risk.	To ensure that assets are valued in
Treasury management controls		accordance with the relevant
	Reserves are maintained in accordance with the relevant codes of practice on local	codes of practice on local
	authority accounting in the United Kingdom and agreed accounting policies. For each	authority accounting in the United
	reserve established, the purpose, usage and basis of transactions is clearly identified.	Kingdom.
	Arrangements for the collection of all income due to the Authority is governed by the	Safe custody of all title deeds
	Council's Sundry Debtors Policy and the Debtors Policy for Social Care & Health.	under arrangements agreed with
	Senior and responsible officers are regularly provided with information on aged debts	the Section 151 Officer.
	and are supported by debt recovery arrangements in place.	
		Annual Treasury Management
	An asset register is maintained for the Authority - assets are recorded when they are	Policy Statement and strategy
	acquired by the Authority and this record is updated as changes occur with respect to	
	the location and condition of the asset. All staff are aware of their responsibilities with	
	regard to safeguarding the Authority's assets and information, including the	
	requirements of the Data Protection Act, Freedom of Information Act and software	
	copyright legislation.	
	Assets for disposal are identified and disposed of at the most appropriate time, and	
	only when it is in the best interests of the Authority, and best price is obtained,	
	bearing in mind other factors, such as environmental issues. Arrangements are in	
	place that guide the disposal of assets based on different values.	
	Guidance is provided to service areas on the maintenance of stock and stores. A	
	register of write off of stock and stores in accordance with the Scheme of Delegations	
	within the Constitution. Appropriate accounting entries are made in relation to stock	
	balances and write offs.	
	Treasury management controls are in place to ensure compliance with the CIPFA	
	Treasury Management Code of Practice and the Authority's Treasury Management	
	Policy Statement and Strategy. This provides assurances that the Authority's money is	
	properly managed in a way that balances risk with return, but with the overriding	
	consideration being given to the security of the Authority's capital sum.	

Arrangements in place to monitor	A register of all significant risks to the Council's finances is maintained and reported as	Medium term financial plan.
and report risk.	part of updates to the medium-term financial plan. The Financial Management board	
	is responsible for maintaining oversight of the budget process and reporting into the	Statement of accounts, internal
Medium Term-Financial Plan risk	Strategic Leadership as required. The boards role includes ensuring the financial risk	audit, external audit,
register	register is maintained and regularly updated and that suitable mitigations are in place against key financial risks.	reconciliation documents.
Accounting records are		Reserve usage cabinet reports
maintained	An annual statement of accounts, in line with regulations and legislation, is produced	
	and reported to Governance & Audit committee and subject to an external audit	Annual Treasury Management
Budget monitoring controls	process.	strategy approved by Council and
		quarterly updates provided
Use of reserves controls	Reporting arrangements are in place for budget monitoring controls. All Chief Officers	Governance & Audit Committee
	and Heads of Service are furnished with periodical statements of receipts and	on in year activity.
	payments and other relevant information required to enable managers to fulfil their	
	budgetary responsibilities. In consultation with Chief Officers and Heads of Service,	
	reports are submitted, as determined by the Section 151 Officer to Cabinet and	
	Scrutiny committee. Significant variances from approved budgets are investigated and	
	reported by budget holders regularly.	
	The establishment of reserves and incurring of expenditure from reserves is	
	authorised by Cabinet.	
	The treasury management strategy sets out the Council's longer term borrowing	
	requirement and plans, which is driven mainly by the capital programme	
	requirements and the resulting impact on the revenue budget. The annual strategy is	
	approved by Council and quarterly updates are provided to Governance & Audit	
	Committee on in year activity.	
Actions planned		
	ering the Medium-Term Financial Strategy in line with the Council's risk appetite stateme	nt

Risk process: Insurance	Responsibility: Section 151 Officer/Principal Insurances and Risk Management
	Officer

#### Purpose of the arrangement

Insurance is a key aspect in risk management processes. Some risks are best managed through involving another party in bearing or sharing the risk, i.e. insurance. Ensuring an effective insurance function of risk management is a key priority and legal requirement for the authority. This involves analysing the types of insurance required to cover off the whole authority using in-house data to establish values of coverage required. This includes but is not limited to property, motor, cyber and liability. A programme of risk reviews at random property sites are also undertaken for insurance purposes

Risk arrangement	How effective is the arrangement?	How do we know? (evidence)
Arrangements in place to identify	An annual assessment of insurance cover is undertaken, and insurance cover is in	Insurance policies in place at
<u>risks</u>	place at the commencement of the insurance year. Negotiation of claims is undertaken in consultation with other Chief Officers, where necessary.	commencement of insurance year.
Annual insurance cover		
	The annual renewal process is in place to ensure all aspects of insurance is covered. This includes the identification of all appropriate employees of the Authority who should be included in a suitable fidelity guarantee insurance. Arrangements are in place to identify and notify the Section 151 Officer (Head of Finance) promptly of all new risks, properties or vehicles that require insurance and of any alterations affecting existing insurances. Along with identifying any significant acquisitions or disposals of assets or any alteration to the scope or level of services provided, particularly where the risk of accident, injury, loss or damage is likely to increase.	
Arrangements in place to respond (treatment) to risk	An annual renewal process is in place to ensure all aspects of insurance is covered and insurance policies are in place. This includes on a regular basis, Chief Officers are	Insurance policies.
Annual insurance cover & schedule of assets covered.	provided with schedules of assets covered by insurance.	
Arrangements in place to monitor and report risk	An annual risk review is undertaken in partnership with our insurers. Action is taken via Insurance and the directorate, as required, to ensure cover is maintained. Risk reports and claims history is produced and reported. For example, quarterly reporting	Risk reports and claims history produced
Annual insurance cover &	is provided to Transport and Highways and regular reporting for Corporate Health and	
schedule of assets covered	Safety. Arrangements need to be strengthened for gaining assurance that directorate action is being taken in response to insurance risk reported.	
Annual risk reviews, reports and		
history.	Chief Officers are provided with the schedule of assets covered by insurance and must examine the schedules and ensure that the details of those assets are correctly	

	recorded and that the scope and level of insurance cover are adequate, and consistent with the Authority's corporate insurance arrangements. Chief officers also provide any information that is needed to manage the council's insurances effectively. This aims to ensure officers are aware of the continuing need to review the
	perils/risks associated with the insurance profile in order to cover off those known.
Actions planned	
Strengthen arrangements for gaini	ng assurance that directorate action is being taken in response to insurance risk reported.

Risk process: Information Governance & Cyber Security		Responsibility: Head of Information Security & Technology	
Purpose of the arrangement The council is extremely aware of the importance of cyber security; we implement a number of measures to ensure the protection and safeguarding of our information, technology and systems.			
Risk arrangement	How effective is the arrangemen	nt?	How do we know? (evidence)
Arrangements in place to identify risks	The council has cyber, informatio support the identification, managed	on and ICT security policies, and guidance in place to gement and reporting of risks.	Cyber/information/ICT security policies, and guidance
Cyber/information/ICT security policies, and guidance in place	who effectively 'audit' the SRS an	n security team is place on behalf of all SRS partners nd Partner security risks and operations. The team hin the communications infrastructure.	
Arrangements in place to respond (treatment) to risk		ational Risk Registers are in place and are monitored nation Risk Officer (SIRO), Chief Information Security	Cyber/Information security Risk Registers
Cyber/Information security operational Risk Registers			
Arrangements in place to monitor and report risk	Information Governance & Cyber range of arrangements:	Security Risk is reported and monitored through a	Evidenced by risk registers, audit reports, policy and training documentation, reports to
SIRO information security board	An Information Security Board is	set up with the SIRO'S of SRS partners	Committee Meetings and Boards and accreditation from external bodies

Monmouthshire Council	A council Information Governance Group meets regularly and facilitates directorate	
Information Governance group	representatives to monitor Information Governance arrangements.	
SRS Governance structures	Digital infrastructure development and projects and cyber and information risks are managed through groups and boards as part of the SRS governance structures.	
Audit and regulation		
	The council is part of different national cyber and information security networks with	
	associated accreditation for our cyber/information security performance.	
	Scrutiny of the SRS, Cyber security and information governance is reported through the	
	council's Governance and Audit Committee.	
	Information Governance & Cyber Security arrangements and the SRS are subject to	
	Monmouthshire and Torfaen Council internal audits.	
Actions planned		<u></u>
No further action identified.		

Risk process: Health and Safety	Responsibility: Corporate Health and Safety Manager	
Purpose of the arrangement		
	contractors, visitors and members of the public who may be affected by the Council's	
	imate responsibility for health and safety. The Deputy chief executive is the Strategic	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ted Corporate Health and Safety manager. The day to day management of health and	
	gers who are responsible for ensuring all activities within their Directorate/schools are	
conducted safely, in accordance with legislative requirements and the Co	uncil's health and safety risk management policies.	
Each Directorate has a nominated health and safety lead responsible for coordinating health and safety activities, including establishing and coordinating a		
Directorate Health and Safety Working Group. They support managers by providing advice and guidance on health and safety matters or signposting them to		
more specialist advice as necessary.		
The Council has a corporate health and safety working group with repress	entation from all Directorates that meets quarterly. This group has an action plan and	
terms of reference.	entation non an Directorates that meets quarterly. This group has an action plan and	

Risk arrangement	How effective is the arrangement?	How do we know? (evidence)
Arrangements in place to identify	A Corporate Health and Safety Policy is in place which sets out the council's general	Corporate health and safety
<u>risks</u>	approach to health and safety. It explains how the council, as an employer, will manage	policy and subordinate health
	health and safety across the organisation. The policy was recently reviewed and	and safety policies.
A corporate health and safety	revised to ensure it is up to date and more clearly sets out who does what, when and	
policy is in place, this sets out	how. The revised version is currently the subject of internal consultation, including with	
roles and responsibilities for health and safety and the	Trade Unions, and it is anticipated it will be signed off in October 2024.	
identification and management	The implementation of the revised policy aims to strengthen the roles and	
of risks.	responsibilities for Health and Safety and management of related risks. Following sign	
OTTISKS.	off, the revised policy will be available to all staff on the Authority's intranet site and	
The corporate policy is supported	managers will be reminded to signpost staff to the policy on induction and during staff	
by a subordinate suite of health	meetings.	
and safety policies and guidance		
covering a range of areas.	A risk-based approach is being adopted to guide a schedule of review for the	
	Authority's suite of subordinate health and safety policies and guidance, including	
	identifying and developing policies where any gaps are identified.	
Arrangements in place to respond	A corporate health and safety risk register has recently been developed to identify the	Corporate health and safety risk
(treatment) to risk.	significant corporate health and safety risks, assesses risk levels, identify mitigating	register
	actions and progress in implementing them. A corporate health and safety service plan	
A corporate health and safety risk	will also be produced. The continued use of the updated risk register will need to be	Health and Safety risk
register is in place to manage	embedded within the arrangements to deliver the revised corporate health and safety	assessments.
overall risks to the	policy.	
implementation of policies,		
arrangements, and controls for	Managers are responsible for undertaking and documenting risk assessments and	
health and safety.	implementing effective controls. The need for a more consistent approach to risk	
	assessment across the Authority has been identified, although there are some areas of	
Managers are responsible for	good practice. The risk assessment policy and guidance will be reviewed this year. The	
Health and Safety risk	need for a more consistent approach to risk assessment training has been identified	
assessments	and the new learning management system (Thinqi) will be used to host risk assessment e-learning. The process for gaining assurance needs to be further developed so that the	
	council can be confident risks have been identified, assessed and suitable control	
	measures have been established and are being maintained.	
Arrangements in place to monitor	An annual health and safety report is produced and reported to Strategic Leadership	Corporate health and safety
and report risk.	Team and the relevant cabinet member. The report highlights achievements and areas	working group
	for development as well as priorities for the year ahead. This includes assessing and	

Annual Health and safety report	evaluating progress in mitigating and addressing risks through proactive health and	Annual health and safety report
Annual fleater and safety report	safety work. In addition, Directorate health and safety leads produce annual health and	Annual health and salety report
A corporate health and safety	, , ,	
	safety reports for their respective Directorates. A suite of health and safety	
working group is in place, who	performance indicators are being developed to facilitate more regular reporting of	
will receive regular updates on	health and safety performance.	
the corporate health and safety		
risk register.	The Council's Corporate Health and Safety Group which has representation from all	
	Directorates, the Training Team, Property Services, Insurance and Trade Unions agreed	
Directorate health and safety	renewed Terms of Reference in 2024 and will monitor progress in delivering the review	
working groups.	of subordinate health and safety policies and guidance. The group has also agreed a	
	Health and Safety Action Plan for 2024/25 which is subject to regular review.	
	The updated corporate health and safety risk register will also be reported to the	
	corporate health and safety working group. The arrangements to monitor and update	
	the register need to be developed in line with the revised corporate health and safety	
	policy. This includes strengthening arrangements to identify and monitor risk in	
	directorate health and safety working groups.	
	The Health and Safety Executive produce a checklist for leaders to self-assess	
	arrangements in place under the headings Plan, Do, Check, Act. The checklist is being	
	used to assess the Council's health and safety arrangements and inform areas for	
	improvement.	
Actions planned		
Sign off and implement the revised	l corporate health & safety policy	
Develop a risk-based schedule of re	eview for the Council's suite of subordinate health and safety policies and guidance	
Strengthen arrangements for comp	pleting health and safety risk assessments and implementing effective controls	
Strengthen arrangements for gaini implemented.	ng assurance that health and safety risks are being identified, suitable controls are in place	and are being effectively